

## At Home Learning Resources

## **Kindergarten - Week 10**

Content	Time Suggestions	
Literacy Instruction (Watch a mini lesson, and/or complete online learning)	10-20 minutes daily	
<b>Reading</b> (Read books, watch books read aloud, listen to a book)	At least 20 minutes daily (Could be about science, social studies, etc)	
Writing or Word Work or Phonics/Vocabulary	20-30 minutes daily	
Math	30 minutes daily	
Science	45 minutes per week	
Social Studies	30 minutes per week	
Arts, Physical Education, or Social Emotional Learning	30 minutes daily	

These are some time recommendations for each subject. We know everyone's schedule is different, so do what you can. These times do not need to be in a row/in order, but can be spread throughout the day.

#### **Kindergarten ELA Week 10**

All previous activities, as well as other resources can be found on the Lowell Public Schools website: <u>https://www.lowell.k12.ma.us/Page/3805</u>

This week begins a focus on fiction reading and narrative writing. Your child should be reading, writing, talking and writing about reading, and working on their vowel sounds this week.

**Reading:** Students need to read each day. They can read the texts included in this packet and/or read any of the fiction or story books that they have at home, or can access online at Epic Books, Tumblebooks, Raz Kids, or other online books. All resources are on the LPS website. There is something for everyone.

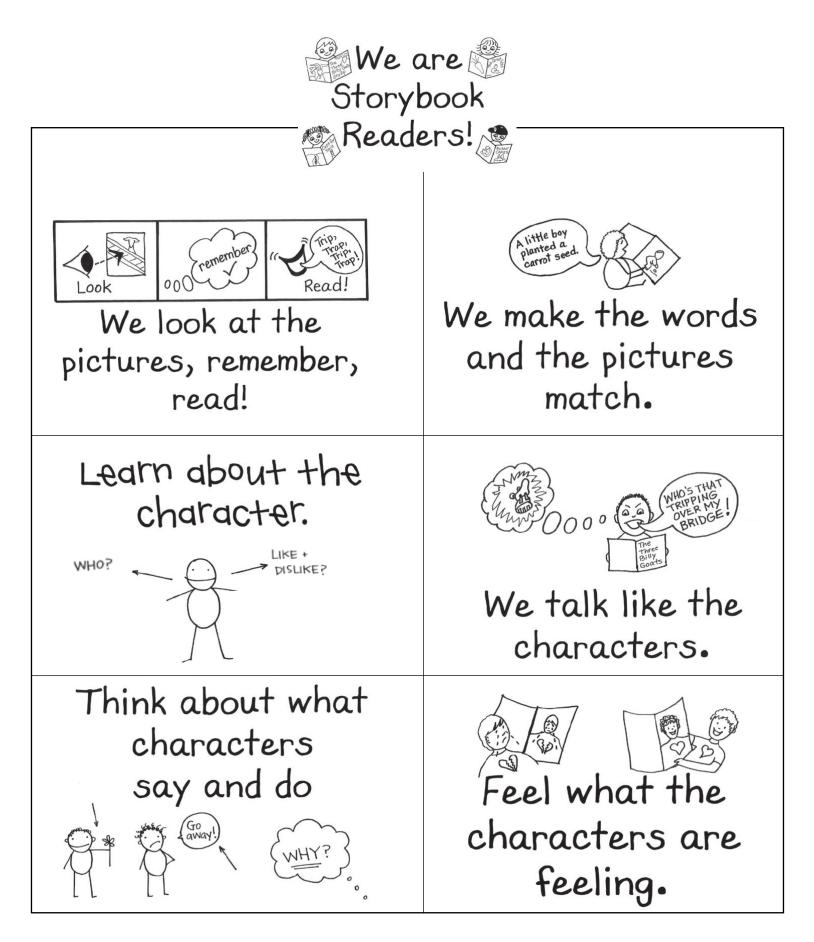
**Talking and Writing about Reading:** As students are reading, they can think about their reading, then talk about their reading with a family member and/or write about their reading using the prompts/questions included.

**Writing:** Students will be working on narrative stories for the next few weeks. The resources in this packet will be the same for next week for writing as well. These resources are charts with examples to help your child write. They are available online in an interactive form with video tutorials here: <u>Kindergarten Narrative Writing Choice Board</u>. This writing should last throughout the end of the year. Students will be planning their writing, then writing, then making it even better by revising, writing some more, and at the end, fixing it up by editing. Your child might write 1 story and work to refine it throughout, or might write multiple stories, getting better each time.

**Phonics/Word Work:** Students can learn two vowels, a and i. This week they will review the sounds that the vowels make and play with words that have the short a or i sound. You can also always review the high frequency words that students should know by the end of the year.

	short		long	
a	apple	cat	acorn	cake
i	igloo	ig pig	ice cream	kite

When reading fiction texts, ask your child to think about the following. Talk about books and have children draw or write what they learned.



### **Playing with Friends**

John went for a bike ride. He rode around the block. Then he met some girls he knew from school. They all rode to the field to play. John had a great time playing games with his friends.





# I Hide

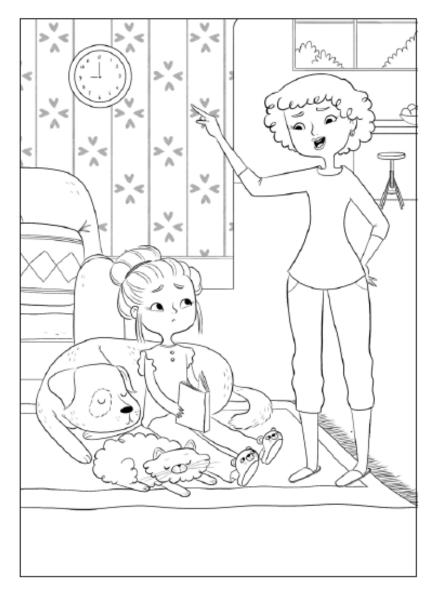


Written by Susan Lennox Illustrated by Nina de Polonia

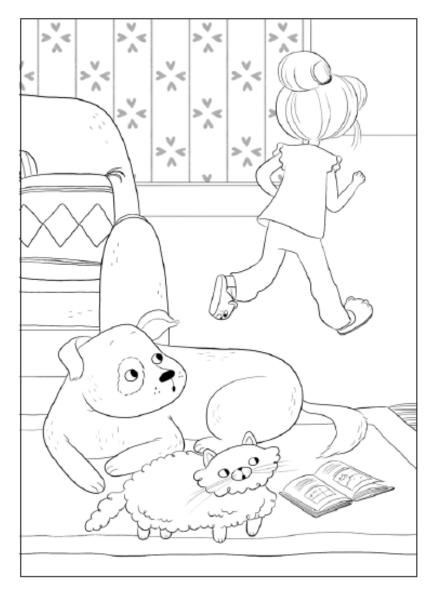
www.readinga-z.com

### **Focus Question**

Where does the girl hide, and why?

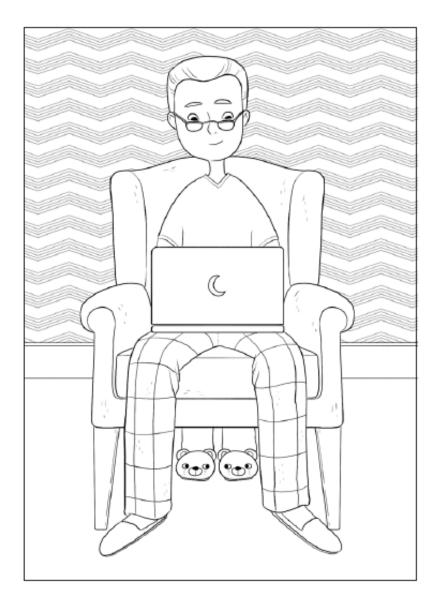


Mom says it is time for bed.



I am not sleepy, so I hide instead.

3



I hide near Dad behind the chair.



I hide near Frank behind his bed.

5



I hide near Puff behind the door.



I hide near Gram inside the basket.

8



I hide near Ron inside the closet.



I hide near Sam inside the tub.

9



Soon I am tired from hiding so much.

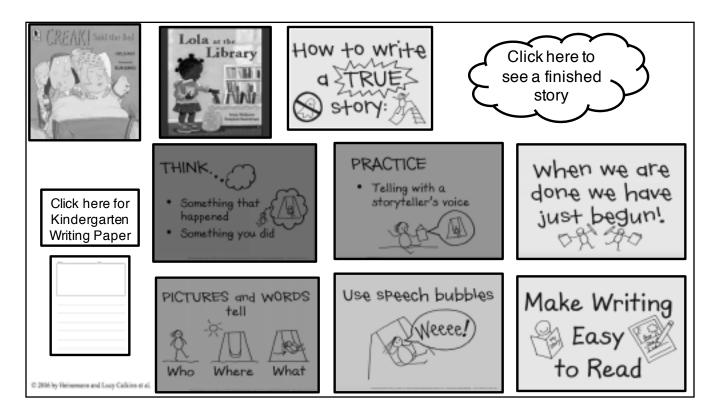


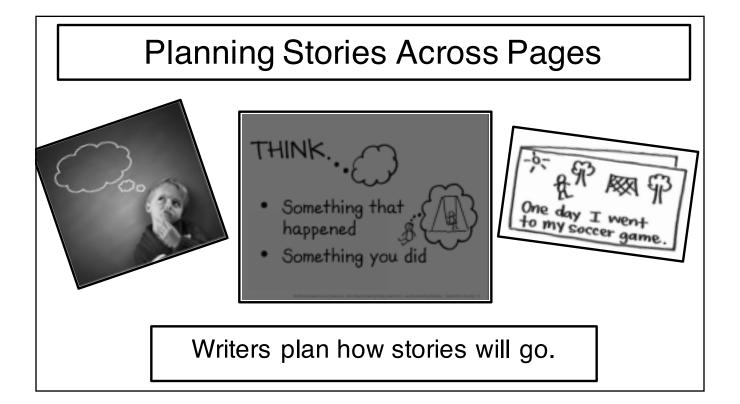
Now it is time to hide under the covers!

12

After reading the story, describe the characters using key details from the text.

Kindergarten Narrative Writing Choice Board - Visit the online option for an interactive board with tutorials. Use the anchor charts to help you write your own true narrative story.





## **Telling Stories Across Pages**

#### PRACTICE

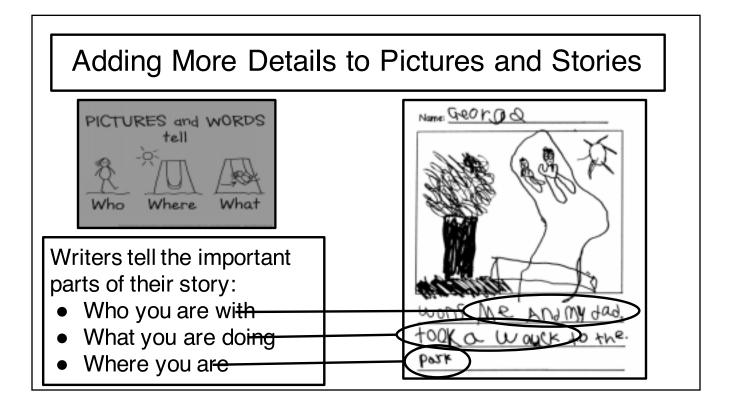


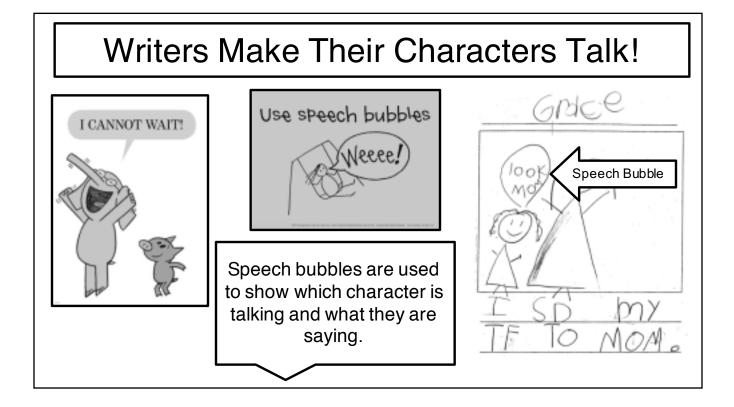
These words can help you tell your story:

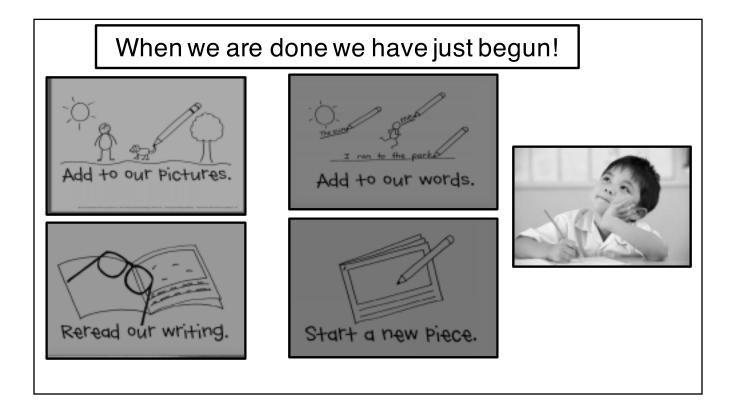
First ... Next ... Then... After that In the beginning ... In the middle ... In the end.

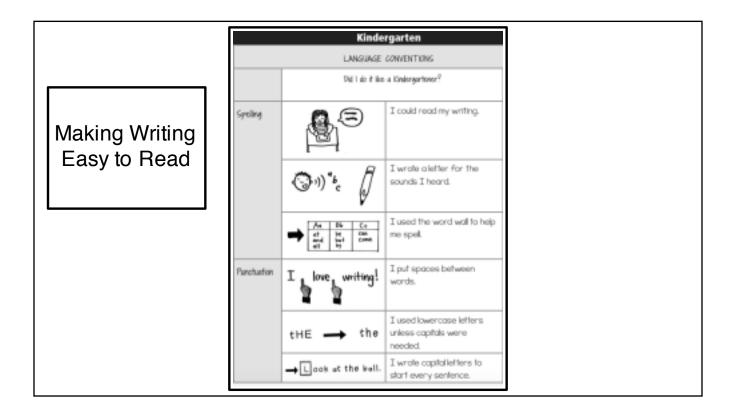
You can practice telling your story across your fingers <u>or</u> you can touch each page as you tell part of the story.





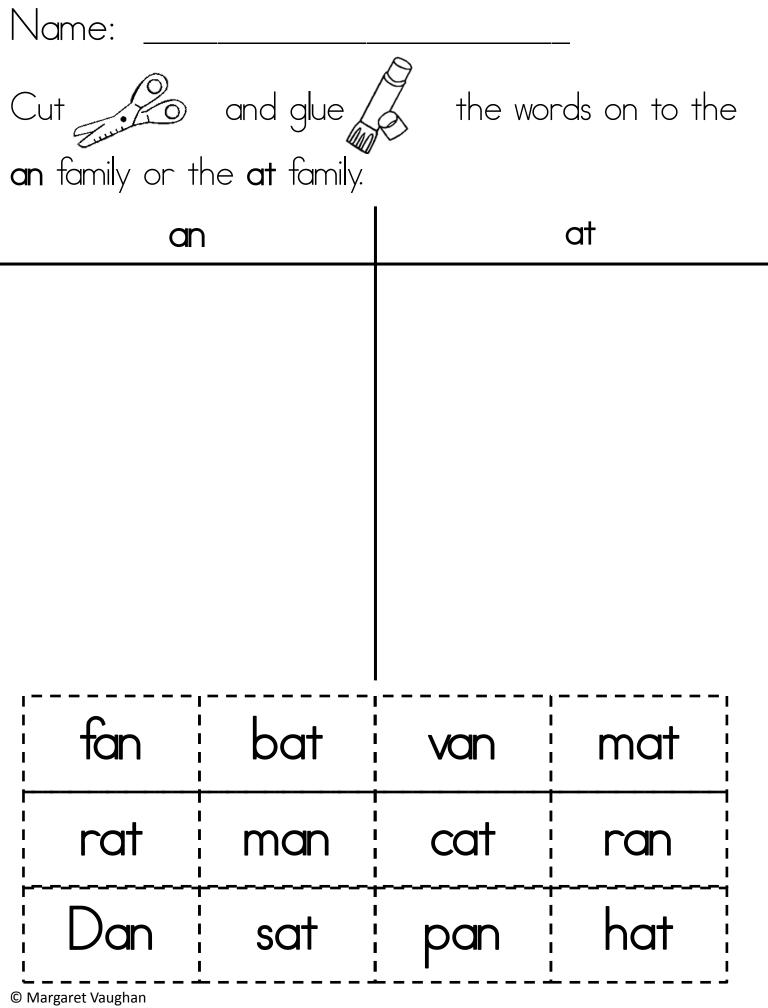




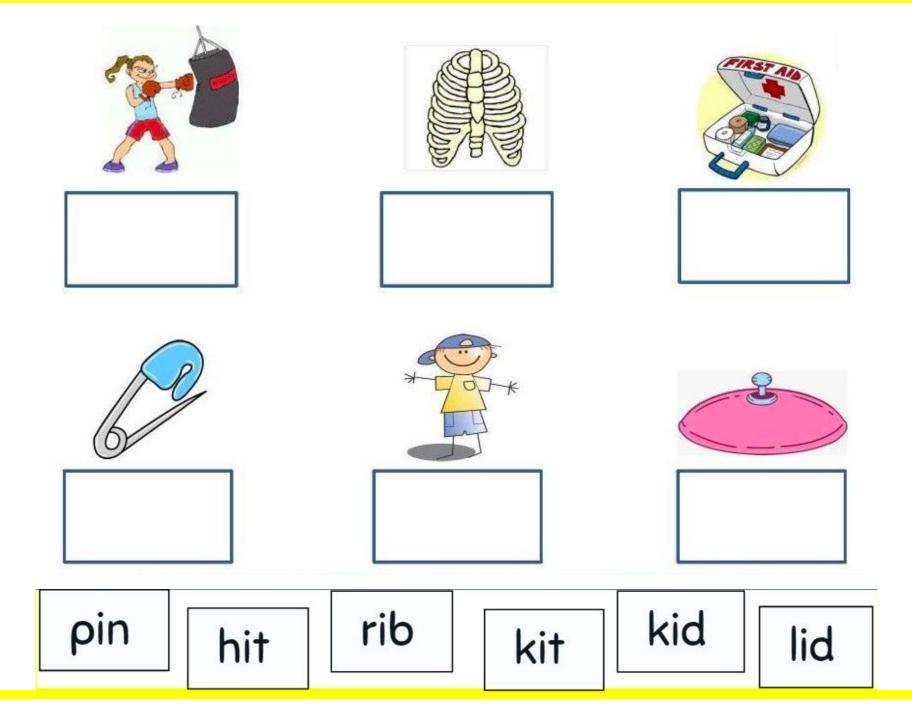


# George's True Story

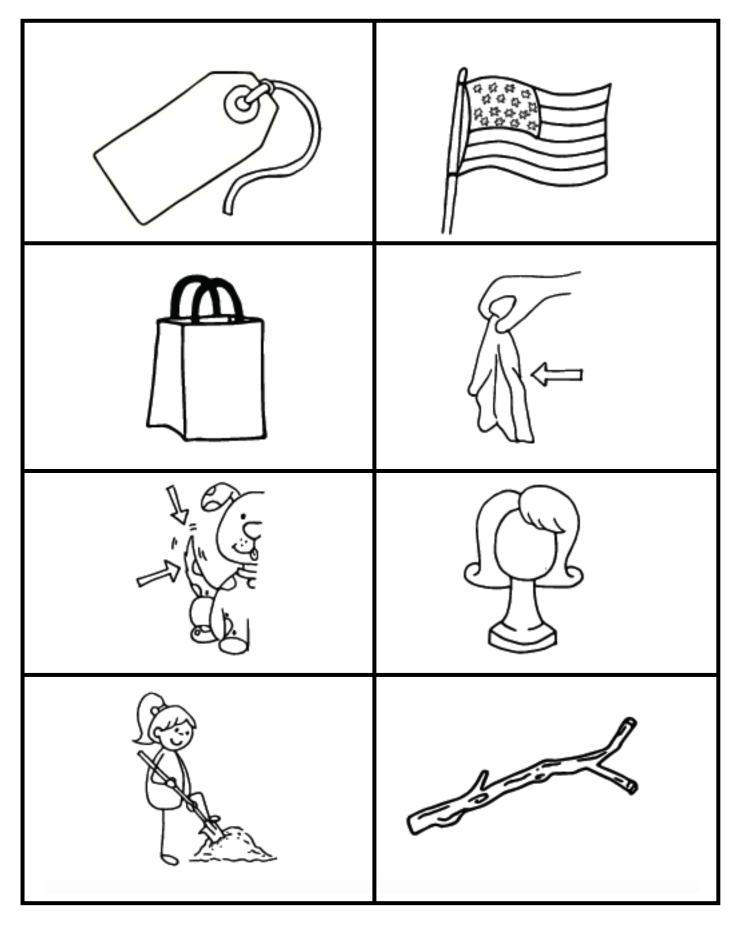


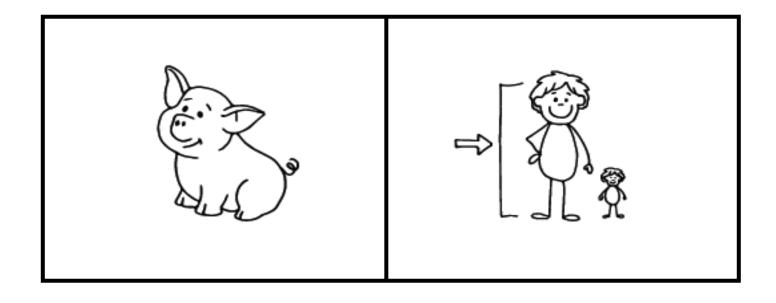


#### Match the word with the short i sound to the picture. Say the word out loud. Try using it in a sentence.

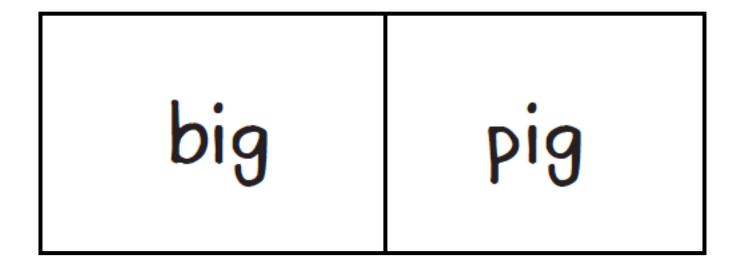


Match the word to the picture. Sort short a and short i words and pictures. Say the words out loud. Try using them in a sentence.





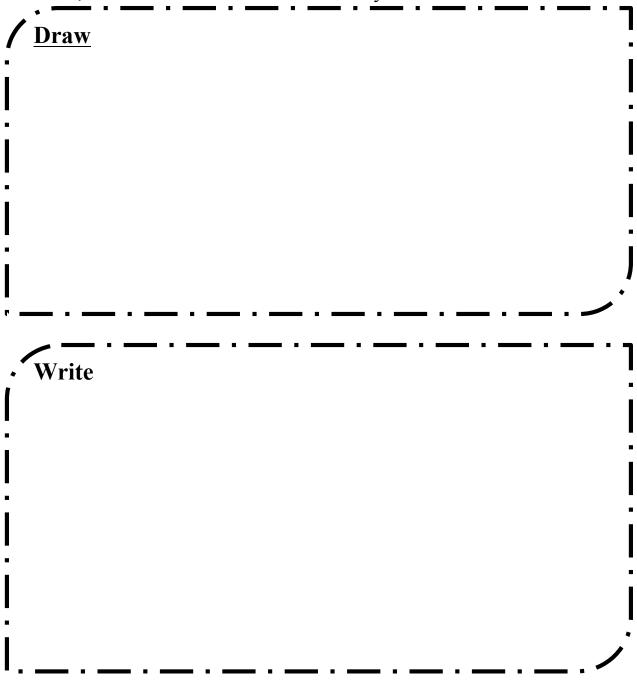
flag	tag
rag	bag
wig	wag
twig	dig



### **Application Problem #1**

#### Read

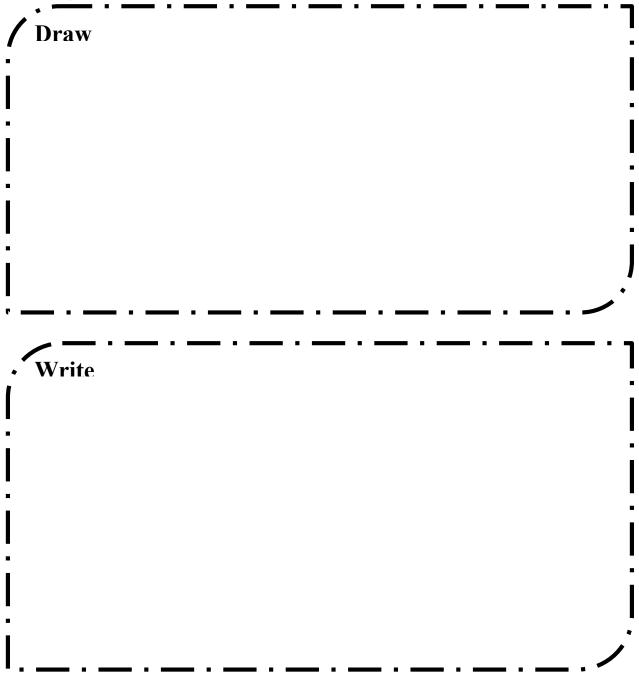
Tony has 10 socks. He lost 4. How many socks are left? Make a number sentence, and a number bond about the story.



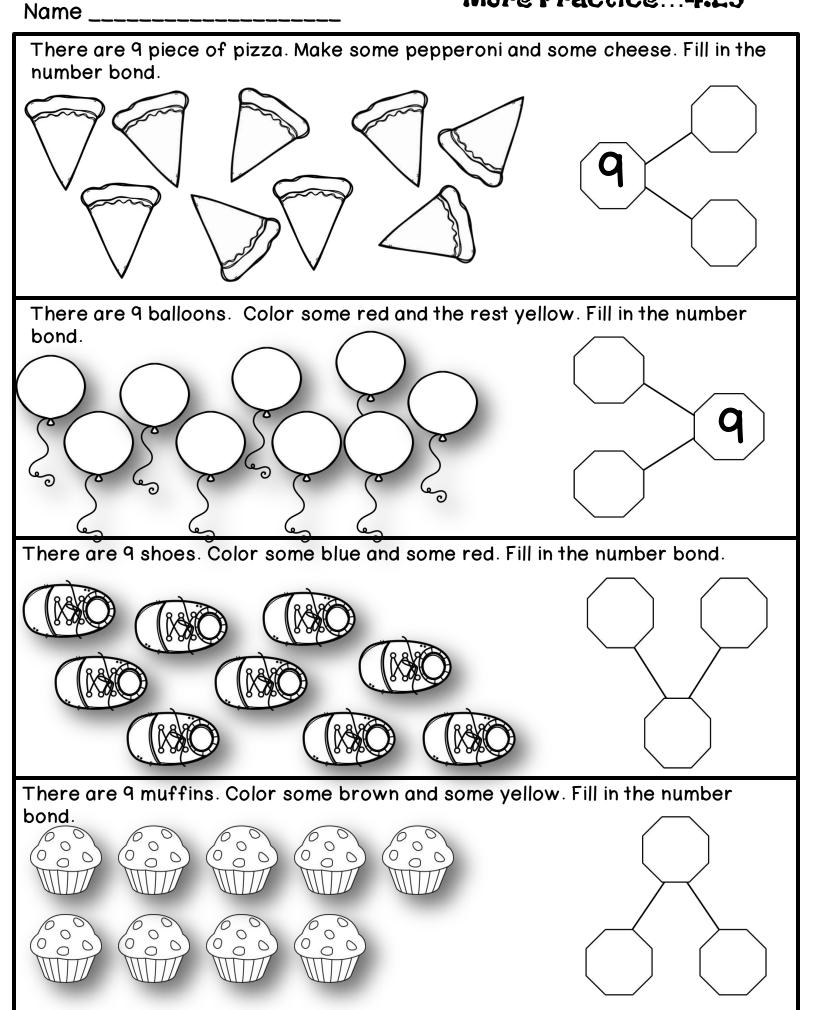
### **Application Problem #2**

### <u>Read</u>

Kaylee has 6 cookies. Her mom gave her 3 more. How many cookies does she have now? Make a number sentence, and a number bond about the story.



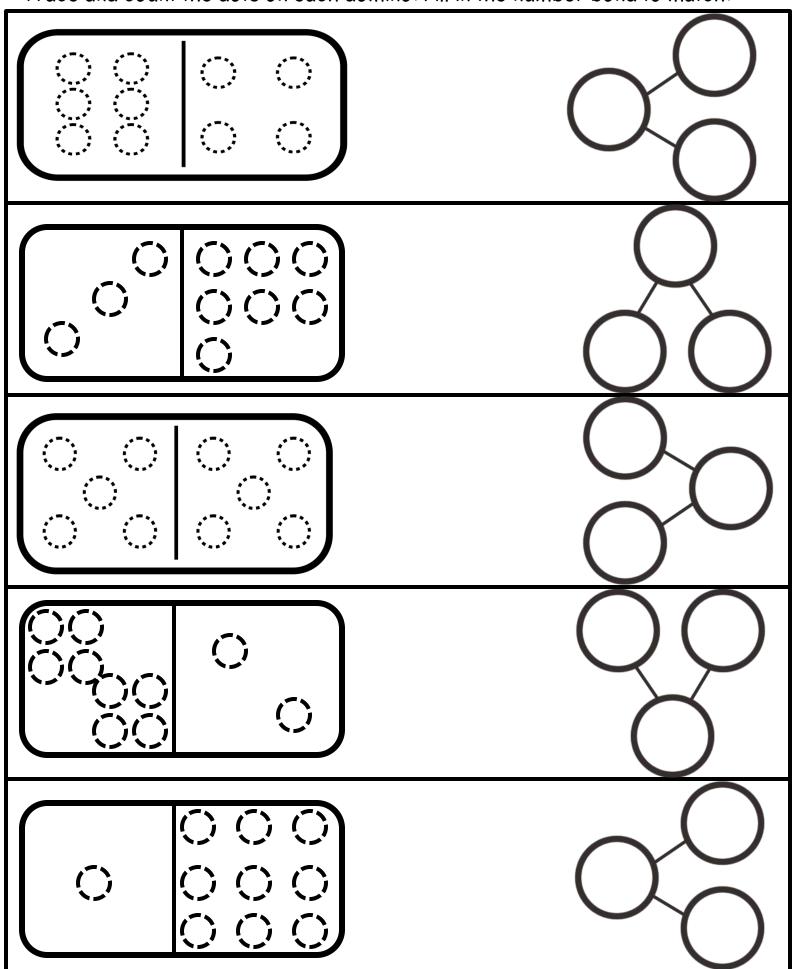
#### More Practice...4.25



### Name \_\_\_\_\_

### More Practice...4.25 #2

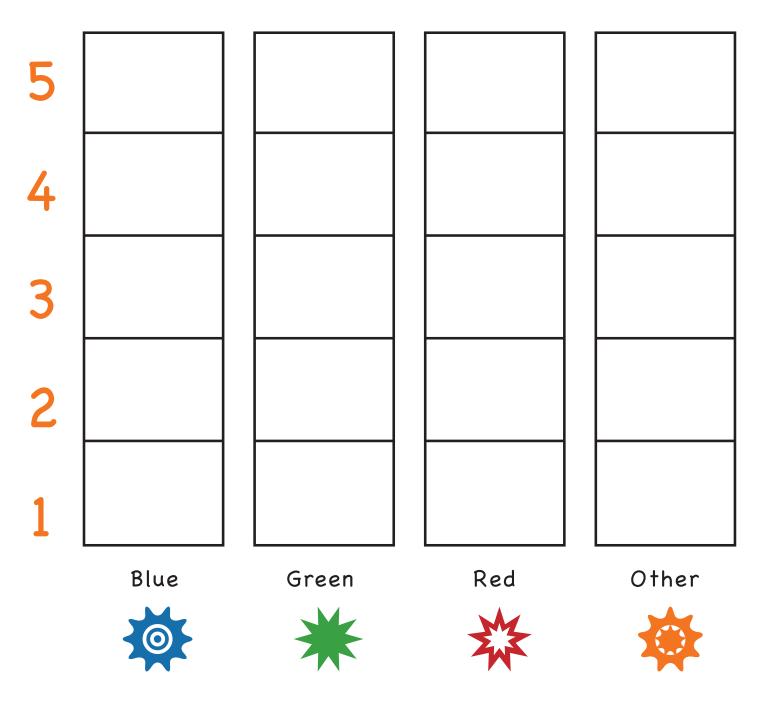
Trace and count the dots on each domino. Fill in the number bond to match.



# Graph It!

## What is Your Favorite Color?

#### Ask your friends and family what their favorite color is, then write their names in the columns below.





Find worksheets, games, lessons & more at education.com/resources © 2007 - 2020 Education.com Lesson 31 Fluency Sprint A

Number Correct:



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Write the missing number.

1.	2 + 1 =	11.	= 3 + 2
2.	1 + 1 =	12.	1+3=
3.	1+4=	13.	= 2 + 2
4.	3 + 1 =	14.	= 1 + 2
5.	2 + 2 =	<b>15</b> .	1 + 4 =
6.	2 + 3 =	<b>16</b> .	= 2 + 3
7.	1+2=	<b>1</b> 7.	= 5 + 1
<b>8</b> .	4 + 1 =	18.	5 + 2 =
۹.	3 + 2 =	19.	1+0=
10.	1+3=	20.	5 + 0 =

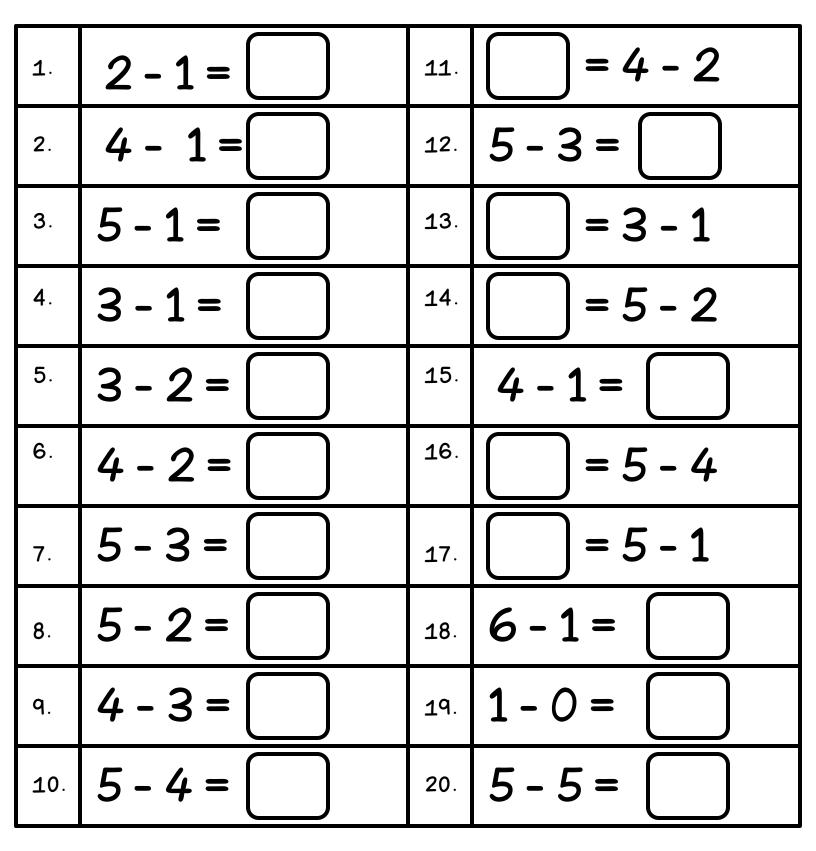
Lesson 31 Fluency Sprint B

Number Correct:



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Write the missing number.



Vocabulary	Definition	Representation
number bonds	A number bond uses a part-whole-part concept to present the relation between the 3 numbers.	whole 8 5 3 part part
number pa+h	Number paths are from 1-10 and represent addition and subtraction. For example 6 and 3 more is 9 or 9 and 6 less is 3.	12345678910 $4+\_=7$ $7-4=\_=$
rekenrek	Rekenreks represent 10 more or 10 less used in addition and subtraction for base 10.	
addition chart	Addition charts represent patterns in addition such as doubles, one more, one less, and 10 more and 10 less.	Zerus Additori         Doubles mus Die         Add With Time (11) sourh Additories           Ceuting OF L 2, 3;         Mee e Time         Interesting         Interesting           +         0         1         2         3         4         5         0         7         6         9         10           1         4.90         1.4         2         2.3         4.4         5         0         7         6         9         10           2         2.46         2.4         2.43         2.4.5         2.4.5         2.4.5         2.4.5         2.4.5         2.4.5         2.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6         4.4.6<

Vocabulary	Definition	Representation	
expression	Expression represent a mathematical eq,uation.	4 + 3 = 7 7 - 4 = 3	
5 group columns	5 group columns represent 5 more or 5 less.	a ten represented as a 5-group column	
compose and decompose (addition & subtraction)	Composing numbers that are put togeth one number. For 300 + 30 + 3 Decomposing means number for ex 333 = 300 +	ner to create r example: = 331 to take apart a kample:	
Level 1 : Count all Level 2 : Count on Level 3 : Decompose an addend to compose			
$\begin{array}{c} 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, \\ 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, \\ 12 \\ 7+5=12 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, \\ 7 \text{ and } 3 \text{ is } 10 \\ 10 \text{ and } 2 \text{ is } 12 \\ 0 \\ 7+5=12 \end{array}$			

Vocabulary	Definition	Representation
comparison	Comparing numbers that are greater than or less than and representing the numbers using a 5 group column.	18 is less than 21 18 < 21
arrow notation	Greater than and less than a number are represented by an arrow and 10 more or 10 less.	+10 26
place value chart	The value of a number according to the place it holds.	TENS ONES 5 8
tape diagram	Tape diagrams show the relationship between two quantities.	$\frac{12}{6}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{12}{6}$

Vocabulary	Definition	Representation		
commutative property	Commutative property means the order of the numbers does not matter, the expression is eq,uivalent.	6 + 3 = 9 3 + 6 = 9 9 = 6 + 3 9 + 3 + 6		
centimeter cubes and string	Centimeter cubes measure the length	•		
My pencil is shorter than the string. The string is shorter than the book, so my pencil is shorter than the book too. When I use a cube as a length unit my pencil is 6 cubes long. I lay my cubes along a ruler and it shows 6 at the end of the last cube when I lined up the end points.				

STEM BIAS BIAS BIAS BIAS BIAS BIAS BIAS BIAS		iper ois
Make a roller coaster.	Make a castle.	Make a noise maker.
Make a mini planter.	Make a launcher.	Make a vehicle.
Make a bird feeder.	Make a playground.	Make an animal.

Kindergarten - Science

#### Why do woodpeckers peck wood?

In this science mystery, students observe animal behaviors and work to discover a pattern: all animals seek food in order to survive. The activity, Eat Like an Animal, includes physical movement in which students act out animal behaviors, pretending to be quail scratching in the dirt, raccoons wading in the water, and woodpeckers pecking a log. Click the link below to get started!

> https://mysteryscience.com/secrets/mystery-1/animal-needsfood/115?code=NzYzNzIwNDg&t=student









## Draw an animal eating its food.



#### How do rules help us?

#### Read Aloud: Know and Follow Rules by Cheri J. Meiners

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=drct8qJjCHs

After watching the read-aloud, talk with someone about how rules help us. Here are some ideas to think about:

- Rules help make things fair for everyone
- Rules help keep everyone safe
- Rules help us get along
- Rules help us learn and do our best

In the square below, draw a picture of you following a rule at home without being asked. Talk with someone about how that rule helps you be fair, safe, or get along with your family.

## **ESL at Home K-2 Weeks 9-10** Use notebook paper to complete these activities. Do one each day!

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Write about what you would would do with a pet monkey. What would you name it? If I had a pet monkey	Create a tic-tac-toe board out of sticks or dried spaghetti. Use household items like buttons or stickers for "O" and spaghetti or toothpicks for "X".	Talk to your family to see what is their favorite food, color and pet. Graph the results to find out what food, color and pet had the most votes.	Pretend you are a frog. Only move by hopping. Hop and then measure how far you hopped. Do this 3 times. See who can hop the farthest in your family.	Find 10 things in your house that are a rectangular prism.
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Imagine you found a pot of gold. Write or draw what you would buy.	Create a paper airplane. Measure how far it goes. Challenge your family to see who can fly their plane the farthest.	Build a fort with pillows and blankets. Read under the fort with a flashlight.	Draw a picture of anything you like. Cut the picture up in pieces. Then put the pieces together like a puzzle.	Make a card for someone special using pictures and words. If they live in your home give them the card. If they don't have a parent, mail the card.